



Permit with introductory note

The Environmental Permitting (England & Wales) Regulations 2016

Mick George Limited

Wakerley Quarry
Laxton Park
Laxton
Northamptonshire
NN17 3AZ

Permit number

EPR/GB3607HV

Wakerley Quarry Ponds

Permit number EPR/GB3607HV

Introductory note

This introductory note does not form a part of the permit

The main features of the permit are as follows.

This permit authorises the deposition of inert waste materials for a recovery activity. The activity will involve the importation of waste material for the creation of dust suppression/attenuation ponds and the establishment of a screening bund as approved under planning conditions. The purpose of the ponds is to primarily provide water for dust control for Wakerley Quarry. The ponds will be in use during the life of the quarry which is expected to be 30-40 years.

The screening bund is for the protection of the nearby Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI) Known as "Wakerley Spinney". There is also a local Wildlife site known as Wakerley Woods and a protected habitat close to the southeast boundary of the site.

The amount of inert material to be imported to the site is 107,000 m³ (171,200 tonnes) in accordance with the Waste Recovery Plan that has been agreed at pre-application stage. The imported materials consist of soil, stones and clays and excludes excavated soil from contaminated sites.

The operator will manage the facility in accordance with the approved waste recovery plan,

If you need to deploy mobile plant under a mobile plant permit at a site that is subject to a site based permit to enable you to complete the recovery activity, there will be inconsistencies between the requirements of the two permits and, in this situation, those of the site based permit prevail. Therefore you must be able to deliver the desired recovery activity through use of this permit alone, without relying upon the subsequent use of a separate mobile plant permit.

The status log of the permit sets out the permitting history, including any changes to the permit reference number.

Status log of the permit		
Description	Date	Comments
Application EPR/GB3607HV/A001	Duly made 25/03/2019	Application for a deposit for recovery activity permit.
Permit determined EPR/GB3607HV	18/07/2019	Permit issued to Mick George Limited.

End of introductory note

Permit

The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016

Permit number

EPR/GB3607HV

The Environment Agency hereby authorises, under regulation 13 of the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016

Mick George Limited (“the operator”),

whose registered office is

**6 Lancaster Way
Ermine Business Park
Huntingdon
Cambridgeshire
PE29 6XU**

company registration number **02417831**

to operate waste operations at

**Wakerley Quarry Ponds
Wakerley Quarry
Laxton Park
Laxton
Northamptonshire
NN17 3AZ**

to the extent authorised by and subject to the conditions of this permit.

Name	Date
Dominiqua Drakeford-Allen	18/07/2019

Authorised on behalf of the Environment Agency

Conditions

1 Management

1.1 General management

- 1.1.1 The operator shall manage and operate the activities:
- (a) in accordance with a written management system that identifies and minimises risks of pollution, including those arising from operations, maintenance, accidents, incidents, non-conformances, closure and those drawn to the attention of the operator as a result of complaints; and
 - (b) using sufficient competent persons and resources.
- 1.1.2 Records demonstrating compliance with condition 1.1.1 shall be maintained.
- 1.1.3 Any person having duties that are or may be affected by the matters set out in this permit shall have convenient access to a copy of it kept at or near the place where those duties are carried out.
- 1.1.4 The operator shall comply with the requirements of an approved competence scheme

1.2 Avoidance, recovery and disposal of wastes produced by the activities

- 1.2.1 The operator shall take appropriate measures to ensure that:
- (a) the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive is applied to the generation of waste by the activities; and
 - (b) any waste generated by the activities is treated in accordance with the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive; and
 - (c) where disposal is necessary, this is undertaken in a manner which minimises its impact on the environment.
- 1.2.2 The operator shall review and record at least every four years whether changes to those measures should be made and take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

2 Operations

2.1 Permitted activities

- 2.1.1 The operator is only authorised to carry out the activities specified in schedule 1, table S1.1 (the 'activities').

2.2 The site

- 2.2.1 The activities shall not extend beyond the site, being the land shown edged in green on the site plan at schedule 7 to this permit.

2.3 Operating techniques

- 2.3.1 The activities shall, subject to the conditions of this permit, be operated using the techniques and in the manner described in the documentation specified in schedule 1, table S1.2, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

2.3.2 If notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution, the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a revision of any plan or other documentation ('plan') specified in schedule 1, table S1.2 or otherwise required under this permit which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution relevant to that plan, and shall implement the approved revised plan in place of the original from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

2.4 Waste acceptance

2.4.1 Waste shall only be accepted if:

- (a) it is of a type and quantity listed in schedule 2, table S2.1;
- (b) it has been identified as a suitable waste in the approved waste recovery plan;
- (c) its chemical, physical and biological characteristics make it suitable for its intended use on the site; and
- (d) it fulfils the approved waste acceptance criteria; and
- (e) all the approved waste acceptance procedures have been completed; and
- (f) it conforms to the description in the documentation supplied by the producer and holder; and
- (g) It is not waste consisting solely or mainly of dusts, powders or loose fibres; and
- (h) It is not hazardous wastes; and
- (i) It is not waste in liquid form.

2.4.2 The operator shall:

- (a) visually inspect without unloading it, waste that is not in an enclosed container or enclosed vehicle on arrival at the site and waste at the point of deposit; and
- (b) be satisfied that the waste conforms to the requirements of condition 2.4.1.

2.4.3 The total quantity of waste that shall be deposited under the permit shall be limited by the final levels shown on the final levels contour plan referenced in schedule 1 table S1.2.

3 Emissions and monitoring

3.1 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits

3.1.1 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits (excluding odour) shall not cause pollution. The operator shall not be taken to have breached this condition if appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved emissions management plan, have been taken to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, those emissions.

3.1.2 The operator shall:

- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, an emissions management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits;
- (b) implement the approved emissions management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.1.3 All liquids in containers, whose emission to water or land could cause pollution, shall be provided with secondary containment, unless the operator has used other appropriate measures to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, leakage and spillage from the primary container.

3.2 Odour

- 3.2.1 Emissions from the activities shall be free from odour at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved odour management plan, to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the odour.
- 3.2.2 The operator shall:
- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution outside the site due to odour, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, an odour management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from odour;
 - (b) implement the approved odour management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.3 Noise and vibration

- 3.3.1 Emissions from the activities shall be free from noise and vibration at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved noise and vibration management plan to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the noise and vibration.
- 3.3.2 The operator shall:
- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution outside the site due to noise and vibration, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a noise and vibration management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from noise and vibration;
 - (b) implement the approved noise and vibration management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.4 Monitoring

- 3.4.1 The operator shall undertake a topographical survey of the site referenced to ordnance datum that shall be used to produce a plan of a scale adequate to show the surveyed features of the site:
- (a) prior to commencement of the recovery activity; and
 - (b) on completion of the recovery activity to show final waste levels.

4 Information

4.1 Records

- 4.1.1 All records required to be made by this permit shall:
- (a) be legible;
 - (b) be made as soon as reasonably practicable;
 - (c) if amended, be amended in such a way that the original and any subsequent amendments remain legible, or are capable of retrieval; and
 - (d) be retained, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, for at least 6 years from the date when the records were made or, in the case of the following records, until permit surrender:
 - (i) off-site environmental effects;

- (ii) matters which affect the condition of the land and groundwater; and
- (iii) waste types and quantities.

4.1.2 The operator shall maintain and implement a system which ensures that a record is made of the quantity, characteristics, date of delivery, origin and the identity of the carrier and producer of any waste that is received for recovery. Any information regarded by the operator as commercially confidential shall be clearly identified in the record.

4.1.3 The operator shall keep on site all records, plans and the management system required to be maintained by this permit, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

4.2 Reporting

4.2.1 The operator shall send all reports and notifications required by the permit to the Environment Agency using the contact details supplied in writing by the Environment Agency.

4.2.2 Within one month of the end of each quarter, the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency using the form made available for the purpose, the information specified on the form relating to the site and the waste accepted and removed from it during the previous quarter.

4.2.3 The operator shall submit the topographical survey plans required by condition 3.5.3 (a) and (b) to the Environment Agency within one month of the completion of the survey.

4.3 Notifications

4.3.1 In the event that the operation of the activities gives rise to an incident or accident which significantly affects or may significantly affect the environment, the operator must immediately—

- (a) inform the Environment Agency,
- (b) take the measures necessary to limit the environmental consequences of such an incident or accident, and
- (c) take the measures necessary to prevent further possible incidents or accidents;

4.3.2 In the event of a breach of any permit condition the operator must immediately—

- (a) inform the Environment Agency, and
- (b) take the measures necessary to ensure that compliance is restored within the shortest possible time.

4.3.3 In the event of a breach of permit condition which poses an immediate danger to human health or threatens to cause an immediate significant adverse effect on the environment, the operator must immediately suspend the operation of the activities or the relevant part of it until compliance with the permit conditions has been restored.

4.3.4 Any information provided under condition 4.3.1 shall be confirmed by sending the information listed in schedule 5 to this permit within the time period specified in that schedule.

4.3.5 Where the Environment Agency has requested in writing that it shall be notified when the operator is to undertake monitoring and/or spot sampling, the operator shall inform the Environment Agency when the relevant monitoring and/or spot sampling is to take place. The operator shall provide this information to the Environment Agency at least 14 days before the date the monitoring is to be undertaken.

4.3.6 The Environment Agency shall be notified within 14 days of the occurrence of the following matters, except where such disclosure is prohibited by Stock Exchange rules:

Where the operator is a registered company:

- (a) any change in the operator's trading name, registered name or registered office address; and
- (b) any steps taken with a view to the operator going into administration, entering into a company voluntary arrangement or being wound up.

Where the operator is a corporate body other than a registered company:

- (a) any change in the operator's name or address; and
- (b) any steps taken with a view to the dissolution of the operator.

In any other case:

- (a) the death of any of the named operators (where the operator consists of more than one named individual);
- (b) any change in the operator's name(s) or address(es); and
- (c) any steps taken with a view to the operator, or any one of them, going into bankruptcy, entering into a composition or arrangement with creditors, or, in the case of them being in a partnership, dissolving the partnership.

4.3.7 Where the operator proposes to make a change in the nature or functioning, or an extension of the activities, which may have consequences for the environment and the change is not otherwise the subject of an application for approval under the Regulations or this permit:

- (a) the Environment Agency shall be notified at least 14 days before making the change; and
- (b) the notification shall contain a description of the proposed change in operation.

4.3.8 The operator shall notify the Environment Agency in writing:

- (a) at least 14 days before the commencement of the recovery activity;
- (b) within 14 days of completion of the recovery activity.

4.4 Interpretation

4.4.1 In this permit the expressions listed in schedule 6 shall have the meaning given in that schedule.

4.4.2 In this permit references to reports and notifications mean written reports and notifications, except where reference is made to notification being made 'immediately', in which case it may be provided by telephone.

Schedule 1 – Operations

Table S1.1 activities	
Description of activities for waste operations	Limits of activities
R13: Storage of waste pending any of the operations numbered R1 to R12 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where it is produced)	Secure storage of wastes listed in Table S2.1 for the purpose of recovery. Storage of wastes listed in Table S2.1 shall be limited to three years.
R5: Recycling/reclamation of other inorganic compounds	Use of waste types specified in Table S2.1 for the purposes of construction work and/or restoration, reclamation or improvement of land.

Table S1.2 Operating techniques		
Description	Parts	Date Received
Application	Document(s) provided in response to section 3a – technical standards, Part B4 of the application form. Environmental Site Setting and Design	25/03/2019
Application	Waste Recovery Plan: version 3 - March 2019 - Approved 11/03/2019 Permit Boundary and Cross Sections - Ref: W4/18/WRP2/02	25/03/2019 25/03/2019
Application	Final levels contour plan: WRP2 - 01	25/03/2019
Application	Waste Acceptance Procedure: July 2019	03/07/2019
Application	Operating Techniques Document: Version 2 March 2019	03/07/2019

Schedule 2 – Waste types, raw materials and fuels

Table S2.1 Permitted waste types and quantities for treatment and use of waste in deposit for recovery	
Maximum quantity	The total quantity of waste accepted at the site shall not exceed 107,000 m ³ . (171,200 tonnes)
Waste code	Description
17	CONSTRUCTION AND DEMOLITION WASTES (INCLUDING EXCAVATED SOIL FROM CONTAMINATED SITES)
17 05	soil (including excavated soil from contaminated sites), stones and dredging spoil
17 05 04 1	soil and stones other than those mentioned in 17 05 03
20	MUNICIPAL WASTES (HOUSEHOLD WASTE AND SIMILAR COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND INSTITUTIONAL WASTES) INCLUDING SEPARATELY COLLECTED FRACTIONS
20 02	garden and park wastes (including cemetery waste)
20 02 02	soil and stones (excluding topsoil and peat)

Note 1: This specifically excludes excavated soil from contaminated sites

Schedule 3 – Emissions and monitoring

There are no emission limits or associated monitoring requirements.

Schedule 4 – Reporting

There is no reporting under this schedule.

Schedule 5 – Notification

These pages outline the information that the operator must provide.

Units of measurement used in information supplied under Part A and B requirements shall be appropriate to the circumstances of the emission. Where appropriate, a comparison should be made of actual emissions and authorised emission limits.

If any information is considered commercially confidential, it should be separated from non-confidential information, supplied on a separate sheet and accompanied by an application for commercial confidentiality under the provisions of the EP Regulations.

Part A

Permit Number	
Name of operator	
Location of Facility	
Time and date of the detection	

(a) Notification requirements for any incident or accident which significantly affects or may significantly affect the environment	
To be notified within 24 hours of detection	
Date and time of the event	
Reference or description of the location of the event	
Description of where any release into the environment took place	
Substances(s) potentially released	
Best estimate of the quantity or rate of release of substances	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to stop any emission	
Description of the failure or accident.	

(b) Notification requirements for the breach of a limit	
To be notified within 24 hours of detection unless otherwise specified below	
Emission point reference/ source	
Parameter(s)	
Limit	
Measured value and uncertainty	
Date and time of monitoring	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to stop the emission	

Time periods for notification following detection of a breach of a limit	
Parameter	Notification period

(c) Notification requirements in the event of a breach of permit condition which poses an immediate danger to human health or threatens to cause an immediate significant adverse effect on the environment	
To be notified within 24 hours of detection	
Description of where the effect on the environment was detected	
Substances(s) detected	
Concentrations of substances detected	
Date of monitoring/sampling	

Part B – to be submitted as soon as practicable

Any more accurate information on the matters for notification under Part A.	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to prevent a recurrence of the incident	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to rectify, limit or prevent any pollution of the environment which has been or may be caused by the emission	
The dates of any unauthorised emissions from the facility in the preceding 24 months.	

Name*	
Post	
Signature	
Date	

* authorised to sign on behalf of the operator

Schedule 6 – Interpretation

‘accident’ means an accident that may result in pollution.

‘Annex I’ means Annex I to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

‘Annex II’ means Annex II to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

‘application’ means the application for this permit, together with any additional information supplied by the operator as part of the application and any response to a notice served under Schedule 5 to the EP Regulations.

‘authorised officer’ means any person authorised by the Environment Agency under section 108(1) of The Environment Act 1995 to exercise, in accordance with the terms of any such authorisation, any power specified in section 108(4) of that Act.

‘ecological improvement’ means providing, maintaining or improving the soils ability to provide a growing medium including for growth of vegetation on landscaping and for recreational and amenity uses.

‘emissions to land’ includes emissions to groundwater.

‘emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits’ means emissions of substances to air, water or land from the activities, either from the emission points specified in schedule 3 or from other localised or diffuse sources, which are not controlled by an emission or background concentration limit.

“EP Regulations” means The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations SI 2016 No.1154 and words and expressions used in this permit which are also used in the Regulations have the same meanings as in those Regulations.

‘groundwater’ means all water, which is below the surface of the ground in the saturation zone and in direct contact with the ground or subsoil. ‘Hazardous waste’ has the meaning given in the Hazardous Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2005 (as amended)

‘List of Wastes’ means the list of wastes established by Commission Decision 2000/532/EC replacing Decision 94/3/EC establishing a list of wastes pursuant to Article 1(a) of Council Directive 75/442/EEC on waste and Council Decision 94/904/EC establishing a list of hazardous waste pursuant to Article 1(4) of Council Directive 91/689/EEC on hazardous waste, as amended from time to time.

‘inert waste’ means waste that does not undergo any significant physical, chemical or biological transformations. Inert waste will not dissolve, burn or otherwise physically or chemically react, biodegrade or adversely affect other matter with which it comes into contact in a way likely to give rise to environmental pollution or harm human health. The total leachability and pollutant content of the waste and the ecotoxicity of the leachate must be insignificant, and in particular not endanger the quality of surface water and/or groundwater

‘quarter’ means a calendar year quarter commencing on 1 January, 1 April, 1 July or 1 October.

‘R’ means a recovery operation provided for in Annex II to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

‘Waste code’ means the six digit code referable to a type of waste in accordance with the ‘List of Wastes’ and in relation to hazardous waste, includes the asterisk.

‘Waste Framework Directive’ or ‘WFD’ means Waste Framework Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

‘year’ means calendar year ending 31 December.

When the following terms appear in the waste code list in Schedule 2, table S2.1, for that table, they have the meaning given below:

“hazardous substance” means a substance classified as hazardous as a consequence of fulfilling the criteria laid down in parts 2 to 5 of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

“heavy metal” means any compound of antimony, arsenic, cadmium, chromium (VI), copper, lead, mercury, nickel, selenium, tellurium, thallium and tin, as well as these materials in metallic form, as far as these are classified as hazardous substances.

“PCBs” means

- polychlorinated biphenyls
- polychlorinated terphenyls
- monomethyl-tetrachlorodiphenyl methane, Monomethyl-dichloro-diphenyl methane, Monomethyldibromo-diphenyl methane
- any mixture containing any of the above mentioned substances in a total of more than 0,005 %by weight.

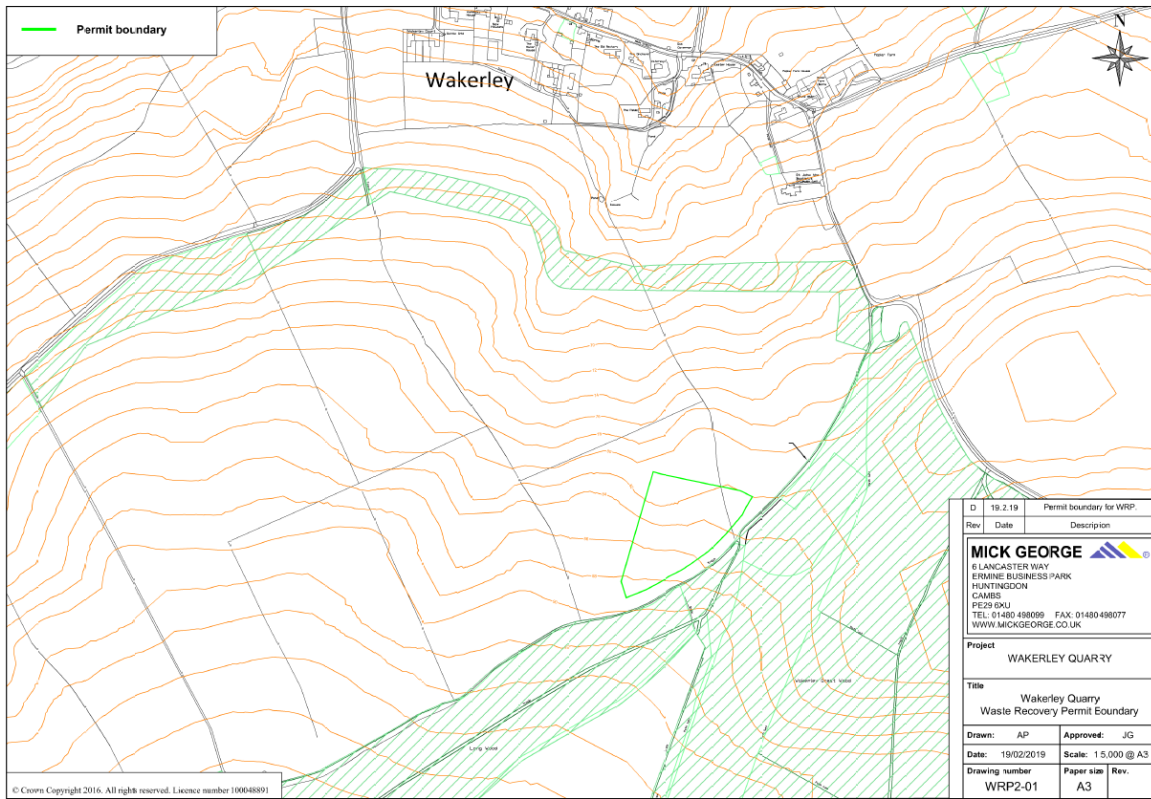
“transition metals” means any of the following metals: any compound of scandium, vanadium, manganese, cobalt, copper, yttrium, niobium, hafnium, tungsten, titanium, chromium, iron, nickel, zinc, zirconium, molybdenum and tantalum, as well as these materials in metallic form, as far as these are classified as hazardous substances.

“stabilisation” means processes which change the hazardousness of the constituents in the waste and transform hazardous waste into non-hazardous waste.

“solidification” means processes which only change the physical state of the waste by using additives without changing the chemical properties of the waste.

“partly stabilised wastes” means wastes containing, after the stabilisation process, hazardous constituents which have not been changed completely into non-hazardous constituents and could be released into the environment in the short, middle or long term.

Schedule 7 – Site plan



END OF PERMIT